HUMAN BMP2 ELISA KIT

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF HUMAN BMP2 CONCENTRATIONS IN CELL CULTURE SUPERNATES, SERUM.



FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

PURCHASE INFORMATION:

ELISA Name	Human BMP2 ELISA
Catalog No.	SK00015-01
Formulation	96 T
Lot No.	
Standard range	46.8-3000 pg/mL
Sensitivity	23 pg/mL
Sample Volume	100 μΙ
Sample Type	cell culture supernates,
	serum
Dilution Factor	N/A
Specificity	Human BMP2
Intra-assav	4-6%
Precision	
Inter-assav	8-12%
Precision	
Storage	2 °C-8 °C
Sample Type Dilution Factor Specificity Intra-assay Precision Inter-assay Precision	cell culture supernates, serum N/A Human BMP2 4-6% 8-12%

RELATED PRODUCTS

- Human BMP2 Recombinant
- Human BMP2 Antibody

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INTRODUCTION

Human BMP2 immunoassay is a 3.5 - 4.5 hour solid phase ELISA designed to measure human BMP2 in cell culture supernates, serum. It contains recombinant human BMP2 and antibodies raised against this protein. It has been shown to accurately quantitie recombinant human BMP2. Results obtained with naturally occurring BMP2 samples showed linear curves that were parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards. These results indicate that the Immunoassay kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human BMP2.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for BMP2 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any BMP2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for BMP2 is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-biotin reagent, HRP link Streptavidin is add to the wells. After washing away any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of BMP2 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- _ FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- _ The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- _ Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- _ It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.
- _ If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with the appropriate Dilution Buffer and repeat the assay.
- _ Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- _ This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors

have been tested in the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Description	Code	Quantity
Microplate - 06 well		
Microplate - 96 well polystyrene microplate (12	015-01-01	1 plate
strips of 8 wells) coated		
with a mouse monoclonal		
antibody against BMP2.		
BMP2 Standard –		
3000pg/vial of	015-01-02	1 vial
recombinant human BMP2		
in a buffered protein base		
with preservatives;		
lyophilized.		
Detection Antibody	015-01-03	1 vial
Concentrate – 120 μL / vial,	013-01-03	T Alqi
100-fold concentrated of		
Biotinylated polyclonal		
antibody against BMP2		
with preservatives;		
lyophilized.		
Positive Control- one of	015-01-04	1 vial
recombinant human		
BMP2, lyophilized		
Streptavidin-HRP	SAHRP	1 vial
Conjugate -120 ul/vial, 100- fold concentrated solution of		
Streptavidin conjugate to HRP		
with preservatives		
Dilution Buffer- 30mL/vial	5504	
of buffered protein based	DB01	1 vial
solution with preservatives		
Wash Buffer -50 ml/vial, 10-		
fold concentrated buffered	WB01	1 vial
surfactant, with		
preservative.		
TMB Substrate Solution-13	TMD04	احتر 1
ml / vial of TMB substrate	TMB01	1 vial
solution		
Stop Solution (0.5 M HCl),	S-STOP	1 vial
13 ml /vial of 0.5M HCl	30.01	2 .101
Plate Covers – Plate sealer.	EADC	1
	EAPS	1

STORAGE

Unopened Kit: Store at 2 - 8° C for up to 6 months. For longer storage, unopened Standard, Positive Control and Detection Antibody Concentrated should be stored at -20 or -70 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

Opened / Reconstituted Reagents: Reconstituted Standard (3000 pg/ml) and Detection Antibody SHOULD BE STORED at -20 °C or – 70 °C for up to one months. Streptavidin - HRP Conjugate 100-fold concentrated and other components may be stored at 2 - 8 °C for up to 6 months.

Microplate Wells: Return unused wells to the plastic bag containing the desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. May be stored for up to 6 months at 2 - 8° C.

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OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 540 nm or 570 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250-300rpm).
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freezethaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at $1000 \times g$. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer.

BMP2 Standard - Refer to vial label for reconstitution volume. Reconstitute the BMP2 Standard with 1 ml of Dilution Buffer. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 3000

pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 μ L of the appropriate Dilution Buffer into the tube #1 to #6. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 500 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The appropriate Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

Standard	Standard	Dilution Buffer	Concentration
stock	Powder	1000 μΙ	3000 pg/ml
#1	250 μl of stock	250 μΙ	1500 pg/ml
# 2	250 μl of 1	250 µl	750 pg/ml
#3	250 μl of 2	250 μΙ	375 pg/ml
# 4	250 μl of 3	250 µl	187.5 pg/ml
# 5	250 μl of 4	250 μΙ	93.75 pg/ml
# 6	250 μl of 5	250 µl	46.8 pg/ml

Detection Antibody- Reconstitute the **Detection Antibody concentrated** with 120 μ l of Dilution Buffer to produce a 100-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 11. 88 mL of the appropriate Dilution Buffer into the 15 ml centrifuge tube and transfer 120 μ l of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - Pipette 11. 88 mL of Dilution Buffer into the 15 ml centrifuge tube and transfer 120 μ l of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution. Note: 1 x working solution of Streptavidin HRP Conjugate should be used within a few days.

Positive Control- Reconstitute the **Positive Control** with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. *Positive Control* should be prepared and used immediately.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that standards be assayed in duplicate.

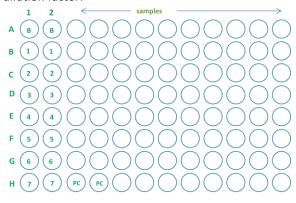
1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.

- 2. Remove excess micro-plate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal.
- 3. Add 100 μL of Dilution Buffer to Blank well (A1, A2).
- 4. Add 100 μL of Standard (from B1 to H2), sample, or control per well. Cover with the Sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on micro-plate shaker at room temperature. A plate layout is provided to record standards and samples assayed.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (250 μL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 6. Add 100 µL of Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Cover with sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on micro-plate shaker at room temperature.
- 7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 8. Add 100 μ L of **Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate** working solution to each well. Incubate for 40 minutes on micro-plate shaker at room temperature.
- 9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 10. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 10-20 minutes at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 11. Add 100 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 12. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a micro-plate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a log-logistic curve fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log

of the BMP2 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.



TYPICAL DATA

These standard curves are provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

CALIBRATION

This immunoassay is calibrated against a highly purified recombinant human BMP2.

SENSITIVITY

Twenty-five assays were evaluated and the minimum detectable dose (MDD) of BMP2 was 10 pg/mL.

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human BMP2. The factors listed below were prepared at 50 ng/mL in Dilution Buffer, and assayed for cross reactivity. Preparations of the following factors at 50 ng/mL in a mid-range rh BMP2 control were assayed for interference. No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Human Recombinant Proteins: BMP3, BMP5, BMP6, BMP8b,TGF-beta1

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

PREPARE REAGENTS, SAMPLES AND STANDARDS

Add 100 μl of standard, samples, positive control to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at

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Aspirate and wash 4 times.

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Add 100 μl Detection Antibody to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at RT.

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Aspirate and wash 4 times.



Add 100 μl Streptatvin HRP conjugate to each well. Incubate 40 minutes on the plate shaker at RT.



Aspirate and wash 4 times.



Add 100 μ l Substrate to each well. Incubate 10-20 min on the bench top. Protect from light.



Add 100 μl Stop Solution to each well. Read 450nm within 15 min