
MOUSE SOLUBLE AXL ELISA KIT

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION
OF MOUSE SOLUBLE AXL
CONCENTRATIONS IN CELL CULTURE
SUPERNATES, SERUM, EDTA PLASMA



FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

PURCHASE INFORMATION:

ELISA NAME	MOUSE SOLUBLE AXL ELISA
Catalog No.	SK00130-03
Lot No.	
Formulation	96 T
Standard range	15.6-1000 pg/mL
Sensitivity	5 pg/mL
Sample Volume	100 μl
Sample Type	Cell Culture Supernates, Serum, EDTA Plasma
Dilution Factor	Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application
Specificity	Mouse sAXL only
Intra-assay Precision	4-6%
Inter-assay Precision	8-10%
Storage	2°C - 8°C

ORDER CONTACT:

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INTRODUCTION

Mouse soluble AXL immunoassay is a 3.5 - 4.5 hour solid phase ELISA designed to measure Mouse soluble AXL in cell culture supernates, serum, and EDTA plasma. It contains recombinant Mouse soluble AXL and antibodies raised against this protein. It has been shown to accurately quantify recombinant human soluble AXL. Results obtained with naturally occurring soluble AXL samples showed linear curves that were parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards. These results indicate that the immunoassay kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural mouse soluble AXL.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for soluble AXL has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any soluble AXL present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotinylated antibody specific for soluble AXL is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-biotin reagent, HRP link Streptavidin is added to the wells. After washing away any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of soluble AXL bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

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_The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.

_Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.

_It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.

_If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with Dilution Buffer and repeat the assay.

_ Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.

_This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors

have been tested in the immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

DESCRIPTION	CODE	QUANTITY
sAXL Microplate - 96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with antibody against mouse soluble AXL.	130-03-01	1 plate
sAXL Standard – 1000 pg/vial of recombinant mouse soluble AXL in a buffered protein base with preservatives; lyophilized.	130-03-02	1 vial
Detection Antibody Concentrate – 105 μL/vial, 100-fold concentrated of biotinylated antibody against mouse soluble AXL with preservatives; lyophilized.	130-03-03	1 vial
Positive Control - one vial of recombinant mouse soluble AXL, lyophilized	130-03-04	1 vial
Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate – 60 uL/vial, 200- fold concentrated solution of Streptavidin conjugate to HRP	SAHRP	1 vial
Dilution Buffer - 60mL of buffered protein based solution with preservatives	DB01	1 bottle
Wash Buffer - 50mL of 10- fold concentrated buffered surfactant, with preservative.	WB01	1 bottle
TMB Substrate Solution - 11mL of TMB substrate solution	TMB01	1 bottle
Stop Solution - 11mL of 0.5M HCI	S-STOP	1 bottle
Plate Sealer	EAPS	1 piece

STORAGE

Unopened Kit: Store at 2 - 8° C for up to 6 months. For longer storage, unopened Standard, Positive Control and Antibody Concentrate should be stored at -20 or -70 °C. Do not use kit past expiration date. **Opened / Reconstituted Reagents:** Reconstituted standard and detection antibody concentrate could be stored for up to a month at -70°C. Diluted standard working solution and positive control should be prepared and used immediately.

Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate 200-fold concentrate and other components may be stored at 2 - 8°C for up to 6 months.

Microplate Wells: Return unused wells to the plastic pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. Microplate may be stored for up to 6 months at 2 - 8° C.

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250-300rpm).
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freezethaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at $1000 \times g$. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \le -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Use Aprotinin (enzyme inhibitor) (Code No.: 00700-01-25) for ALL sample collection to prevent sample degradation. 0.5 TIU per ml of sample solution.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum or EDTA plasma samples may require a 40-fold dilution. A suggested 40-fold dilution is 10 μ L sample + 395 μ L Dilution Buffer. **Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.**

Use polypropylene test tubes.

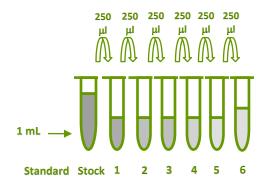
REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix

gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer.

sAXL Standard - Refer to vial label for reconstitution volume. Reconstitute the sAXL Standard with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 μL of Dilution Buffer into tubes #1 to #6. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 1000 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

TUBE	STANDARD	DILUTION BUFFER	CONCENTRATION
stock	Powder	1000 μΙ	1000 pg/ml
#1	250 μl of stock	250 µl	500 pg/ml
# 2	250 μl of 1	250 µl	250 pg/ml
# 3	250 μl of 2	250 µl	125 pg/ml
# 4	250 μl of 3	250 µl	62.5 pg/ml
# 5	250 μl of 4	250 µl	31.25 pg/ml
# 6	250 μl of 5	250 µl	15.6 pg/ml



Concentration 1000 500 250 125 62.5 31.2 15.6 pg/ml

Detection Antibody Concentrate - Reconstitute the Detection Antibody Concentrate with 105 μ L of Dilution Buffer to produce a 100-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 10.395 mL of Dilution Buffer into a 15 ml centrifuge tube and transfer 105 μ L of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - Pipette 11.94 mL of Dilution Buffer into a 15 ml centrifuge tube and transfer 60 μ L of 200-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution. **Note:** 1X working solution of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate should be used within a few days.

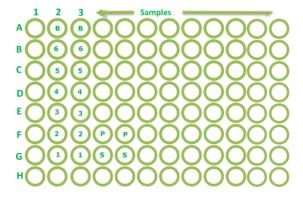
Positive Control - Reconstitute the Positive Control with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. **Note:** Positive Control should be prepared and used immediately.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that standards and positive control be assayed in duplicates.

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Remove excess micro-plate strips from the plate frame, return them to the plastic pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal.
- 3. Add 100 μL of **Dilution Buffer** to Blank well (A2, A3).
- 4. Add 100 μL of Standard (from B2, B3 to G2, G3 and G4, G5), sample, or positive control (F4, F5) per well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on micro-plate shaker at room temperature. A plate layout is provided to record standards and samples assayed.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with **1X Wash Buffer** (300 μL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 6. Add 100 µL of **Detection Antibody working** solution to each well. Cover with sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on micro-plate shaker at room temperature.
- 7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 8. Add 100 µL of **Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate** working solution to each well. Incubate for 60 minutes on micro-plate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 10. Add 100 μ L of **Substrate Solution** to each well. Incubate for 3-5 minutes at room temperature. **Protect from light.**

- 11. Add 100 μ L of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green, or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 12. Determine the optical density of each well within 15 minutes, using a micro-plate reader set to 450 nm.



CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, positive control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a log- log curve fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the soluble AXL concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

CALIBRATION

This immunoassay is calibrated against a highly purified recombinant mouse soluble AXL.

SENSITIVITY

Twenty-five assays were evaluated and the minimum detectable dose (MDD) of soluble AXL was 5 pg/mL.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

STANDARD (PG/ML)	AVERAGE OD450NM (CORRECTED)
Blank	0 (0.087)
15.6	0.054
31.2	0.107
62.5	0.178
125	0.293
250	0.540
500	0.881
1000	1.771

- Lot No.:
- Positive Control:

SPECIFICITY

PROTEIN	CROSSREACTIVITY (%)
Mouse Soluble AXL	100
Mouse Gas6	0
Human Soluble AXL	0

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

